

1. Escribe el sinónimo correspondiente.

Example: happy – content

1. Begin –
2. Large –
3. Intelligent –
4. Afraid –
5. Close –
6. Quiet –
7. Important –
8. Beautiful –
9. Fast –
10. Funny –

2. Escribe el antónimo correspondiente.

Example: hot – cold

1. Good –
2. Early –
3. Happy –
4. Easy –
5. Safe –
6. Expensive –
7. High –
8. Strong –
9. Clean –
10. Old –

3. Reemplaza las palabras en negrita por sinónimos adecuados.

Example: She's very tired after work. → She's very exhausted after work.

1. The movie was boring, I didn't like it.
2. She is a very smart student.
3. I had a great time at the party last night.
4. His house is huge.
5. The weather today is terrible.

4. Reemplaza las palabras en negrita por antónimos adecuados.

Example: The soup is too hot. → The soup is too cold.

The test was **very difficult**.

My sister is **young**.

This car is very **cheap**.

He was **late** for the meeting.

The room is **dark**.

5. Escribe una oración usando una palabra de la lista de sinónimos, y luego escribe otra oración usando su antónimo.

Cheerful / Sad

Cold / Hot

Loud / Quiet

Weak / Strong

Beautiful / Ugly

Example:

Synonym: She is a cheerful person.

Antonym: She is always sad when it rains.

6. Reescribe las siguientes oraciones reemplazando las palabras en mayúsculas con sinónimos adecuados.

The show was VERY INTERESTING.

The food was DELICIOUS.

They found a CHEAP hotel for the night.

He's an IMPORTANT person in the company.

The baby was CRYING all night.

7. Identificar si las siguientes parejas de palabras son sinónimos (S) o antónimos (A).

Strong – Weak

Angry – Furious

Start – Begin

Friendly – Hostile

Old – Young

Beautiful – Pretty

Fast – Slow

Hard – Difficult

Big – Huge

Dirty – Clean

Respuestas

1. Emparejar sinónimos:

Begin – Start
Large – Big
Intelligent – Smart
Afraid – Scared
Close – Near
Quiet – Silent
Important – Significant
Beautiful – Pretty
Fast – Quick
Funny – Amusing

2. Emparejar antónimos:

Good – Bad
Early – Late
Happy – Sad
Easy – Difficult
Safe – Dangerous
Expensive – Cheap
High – Low
Strong – Weak
Clean – Dirty
Old – Young

3. Rellenar los huecos con sinónimos:

The movie was boring, I didn't like it. → Dull
She is a very smart student. → Intelligent
I had a great time at the party last night. → Wonderful
His house is huge. → Enormous
The weather today is terrible. → Awful

4. Rellenar los huecos con antónimos:

The test was very difficult. → Easy
My sister is young. → Old
This car is very cheap. → Expensive
He was late for the meeting. → Early
The room is dark. → Bright

5. Escribir oraciones usando sinónimos y antónimos:

Happy: She is a happy person. → She is a cheerful person.

Sad: She felt sad after hearing the news.

Cold: The weather is cold today.

Hot: The coffee was hot and burned my tongue.

Loud: The music was loud at the concert.

Quiet: The library is a quiet place to study.

Weak: He was feeling weak after the illness.

Strong: She has a strong will to succeed.

Beautiful: The sunset is beautiful.

Ugly: The graffiti on the wall is ugly.

6. Sustituir con sinónimos:

The show was VERY INTERESTING. → The show was fascinating.

The food was DELICIOUS. → The food was tasty.

They found a CHEAP hotel for the night. → They found an inexpensive hotel for the night.

He's an IMPORTANT person in the company. → He's a significant person in the company.

The baby was CRYING all night. → The baby was wailing all night.

7. Identificar sinónimos y antónimos:

Strong – Weak (A)

Angry – Furious (S)

Start – Begin (S)

Friendly – Hostile (A)

Old – Young (A)

Beautiful – Pretty (S)

Fast – Slow (A)

Hard – Difficult (S)

Big – Huge (S)

Dirty – Clean (A)